

# **CTH Admission Requirements**

Required Information	Documents Accepted
Medical Orders signed by MD, NP, PA	<ul> <li>REACH medication order form</li> <li>Pharmacy print outs signed</li> <li>Prescriptions- sent to pharmacy or physical copies</li> <li>MAR signed</li> </ul>
TB Screening	<ul> <li>VDH TB screening form</li> <li>Chest X-ray within last year</li> <li>PPD reading within last year</li> </ul>
Guest Profile	REACH Guest Profile form
Emergency Contacts	REACH Emergency Contacts form
Authorization for Medical Treatment	REACH Authorization for Medical Tx
Crisis Assessment	*Completed in Profiler and uploaded to Teams PRIOR TO TRIAGE
Confirm 7 days' worth of all medications, to include photos of med labels and pill count for each.	**The following require confirmation by Crisis Clinician or Admissions Coordinator: out of region clients, or as requested by team **
Hospital step	downs only:
Recent MARs and progress notes	
Out of regio	n admission:
Referral form for Region 4 REACH	
CEPP	

CTH Admissions Requirements rev 8.23.24



### **Questions to Gather for CTH Triage**

#### Questions to gather prior to triage:

- 1. What is the contact information for the guardian? (Name, Number and Email)
- 2. Does the individual want to come and agree to participate?
- 3. What are the current medications, where are they physically at right now and can we have photos taken of the bottles/packs and sent to us?
- 4. When was the last med change?
- 5. Historically and currently speaking, are they compliant with medications?
- 6. What pharmacy do they use?
- 7. Who is the psych doc?
- 8. When was the last and when is the next psych appt
- 9. Who are the current providers? (i.e. outpatient therapy, Bx specialist, ABA, etc.)
- 10. Are there any history of seizures or diabetes?
  - a. If so, what is the safety protocol for this? Can this be sent to us ASAP?
  - b. For seizures:

What type of seizures are they? How long do they last? How frequent are they? Are there any know triggers?

c. For diabetes:

What type of diabetes is it? Who is the physician that is monitoring it? What are the dietary restrictions? Are they any fluid restrictions?

- 11. Are there any other known medical conditions? (i.e. high blood pressure, constipation)
- 12. Any known allergies/any known food restrictions/any special diets
- 13. Will the individual need any assistive devices while in the home (i.e. wheelchair, walker, cane, breathing apparatus, safety gear, etc.)
  - a. If so this will need to be added to the Reach medical order form
- 14. What has the individual's bxs looked like in the past 48 hours?
- 15. Are they actively SI or HI with plan and intent? If so what is this?
- 16. Any physical or medical restraints?
  - a. If so, when was the last one?
- 17. Any sexualized behaviors?
- 18. How long have they been at their current GH/placement and can they return there?
  - a. If not, what is the plan to find alternative housing?



### Medication Orders for Adult Crisis Therapeutic Home Tel: 804-637-1305 Fax: 804-715-4083

GUEST NAN	ИЕ: DOB:	
MEDI	CAID NUMBER:	
Dietary supplements/dietary		
orders (e.g. consistency, special		
diet/restrictions):		
Adaptive equipment orders:		
Transportation orders:		
OT/ PT/ other special		
instructions (oxygen, blood		
pressure, etc.):		
Medical/Physical Limitations to		
Activities:		
	Standing Medication Orders	
**Standing Orders requ	iired for children under 12 years of age and are preferred for	
iı	ndividuals 12 years of age and older**	
	ark $\checkmark$ in the blank beside orders that <b>you approve</b> .	
	ders that you <b>do not approve</b> .	
Please Initial the botton	n of the first page and sign the bottom of the second page.	
1. ALLERGIES		
Loratadine (Claritin) 1	<u>10 mg tabs</u> . Take 1 tab PO Q24H PRN for allergy symptoms (itchy,	
	g, runny, itchy nose, and nasal congestion).	
	Benadryl) 25 mg tabs. Take 1 cap PO Q6H PRN for allergy symptoms	
	eyes, sneezing, runny nose, and nasal congestion). Do not exceed 300	
· -	sult doctor or nurse before giving if individual is taking	
psychotropic medic		
2. CONSTIPATION		
<u>Magnesium hydroxic</u>	de (Milk of Magnesia) 400 mg. Take 30 mL PO Q12H PRN for	
constipation. Do not	use for longer than 7 days without medical advice.	
<u>Sennoside + Docusat</u>	e sodium (Senokot-S) 8.6/50 mg tablets. Take 2 tabs PO Q24H PRN for	
constipation. Do not	use for longer than 7 days without medical advice.	
<u>Polyethylene glycol 3350 (Miralax)</u> 17gm mix in 4-8 oz liquid once a day prn constipation. D		
not exceed 3 days of		
3. COUGH AND SORE	THROAT	
Cough drops. Use 1 co	ough drop PO Q2H PRN for cough. Do not exceed 8 drops in 24 hours.	
Guaifenesin (Mucine)	x) 200 mg tab. Take_1-2 tablets every 4 hours PRN chest congestion.	
Robitussin DM syrup. Take 10mL PO Q4H PRN for cough. Do not exceed 60 mL per day.		
May substitute Robi	tussin Sugar-Free syrup for diabetes.	

Initial: \_\_\_\_\_



### Medication Orders for Adult Crisis Therapeutic Home Tel: 804-637-1305 Fax: 804-715-4083

ation Assessment Crisis Services Habilitation	GUEST NAME:	DOB:
4. DISCOMFORT/	MINOR PAIN	
discomfort. Do r	not exceed 3,000 mg in 24 h ng tabs. Take 2 tabs PO Q4H	2 tabs PO Q4H PRN for minor pain and ours. PRN for minor pain and discomfort. Do not
•	ı <u>(Tylenol) 325 mg tabs.</u> Take 0 mg in 24 hours.	2 tabs PO Q4H PRN for oral temp >100.4° F. Do
diarrhea. Do not <u>Calcium Carbon</u> needed for reflu <u>Maalox Oral Sus</u>	cylate (Pepto-Bismol) regula exceed 8 doses in 24 hours late (TUMS) Chewable 500 m x/heartburn. Do not exceed	ar strength. Take 30 mL PO Q1H PRN for and do not take longer than 2 days. ng. Take 2-4 tablets by mouth 4 times daily as 15 tabs in 24 Hours. I PRN for indigestion, heartburn, and bloating.
7. INSOMNIA	tab take 1, 2 or 3 tabs qhs for	incompia
8. MINOR CUTS A	AND ABRASIONS	apply pea-sized amount topically PRN Q8H for
<u>Calamine lotion</u>		
May <u>crush medi</u> May check blood	ations <u>early or late at nurse's</u> cations and give in applesau d sugar PRN <u>at nurse's discr</u>	uce, pudding etc. at nurse's discretion.
hysician Name:		
hysician Signature/D	ate.	



#### Medication Orders for Adult Crisis Therapeutic Home Tel: 804-637-1305 Fax: 804-715-4083

GUEST NAME:	DOB:

Prescriptions, MAR or pharmacy printout signed by MD, NP, or PA acceptable as substitute for table below:

Medication Orders: (include both psychiatric and somatic medications. Add additional page/prescriptions as needed)

Medication	Dose	Route	Adm. Time	Reason Given
	- '		1	
Physician Name:				
Physician Signature/E	Date:			

## Virginia Tuberculosis (TB) Screening and Risk Assessment Tool

For use in individuals 6 years and older

Use this tool to identify asymptomatic individuals 6 years and older for latent TB infection (LTBI) testing.

- The symptom screen and risk factor assessment may be conducted by a licensed healthcare provider (MD, PA, NP, RN, LPN). If a symptom or risk factor for TB is identified, further evaluation should also be performed by a licensed healthcare provider (MD, PA, NP, RN, LPN), however an RN or an LPN conducting evaluations must have an order by healthcare personnel with prescriptive authority consistent with Virginia professional practice acts for medicine and nursing.
- Re-testing should only be done in persons who previously tested negative and have new risk factors since the last assessment.
- A negative Tuberculin Skin Test (TST) or Interferon Gamma Release Assay (IGRA) does not rule out active TB disease.
   First screen for TB Symptoms: □ None (If no TB symptoms present → Continue with this tool)
   □ Cough □ Hemoptysis (coughing up blood) □ Fever □ Weight Loss □ Poor Appetite □ Night Sweats □ Fatigue If TB symptoms present → Evaluate for active TB disease
   Check appropriate risk factor boxes below.
   TB infection testing is recommended if any of the risks below are checked.
   If TB infection test result is positive and active TB disease is ruled out, TB infection treatment is recommended.
  - $\Box$  Birth, travel, or residence in a country with an elevated TB rate ≥ 3 months
    - Includes countries other than the United States (U.S.), Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or Western and North European countries
    - IGRA is preferred over TST for non-U.S.-born persons ≥ 2 years old
    - Clinicians may make individual decisions based on the information supplied during the evaluation. Individuals who have traveled to TB-endemic countries for the purpose of medical or health tourism < 3 months may be considered for further screening based on the risk estimated during the evaluation.
  - ☐ Medical conditions increasing risk for progression to TB disease

Radiographic evidence of prior healed TB, low body weight (10% below ideal), silicosis, diabetes mellitus, chronic renal failure or on hemodialysis, gastrectomy, jejunoileal bypass, solid organ transplant, head and neck cancer

☐ Immunosuppression, current or planned

HIV infection, injection drug use, organ transplant recipient, treatment with TNF-alpha antagonist (e.g., infliximab, etanercept, others), steroids (equivalent of prednisone ≥15 mg/day for ≥1 month) or other immunosuppressive medication

- ☐ Close contact to someone with infectious TB disease at any time
- ☐ None; no TB testing indicated at this time

Patient Name	Date of Birth//
Name of Person Completing Assessment	Signature of Person Completing Assessment
Title/Credentials of Person Completing Assessment	

## Virginia Tuberculosis Screening and Risk Assessment User Guide

# Symptoms that should trigger evaluation for active TB disease

Patients with any of the following symptoms that are otherwise unexplained should be evaluated for active TB disease: cough for more than 2-3 weeks, fevers, night sweats, poor appetite, weight loss, fatigue, and hemoptysis.

#### How to evaluate for active TB disease

Evaluate for active TB disease with a chest x-ray (CXR), symptom screen, and if indicated, sputum acid-fast bacilli (AFB) smears, cultures and nucleic acid amplification testing. A negative tuberculin skin test (TST) or interferon gamma release assay (IGRA) does not rule out active TB disease.

# Negative test for TB infection does not rule out active TB disease

It is important to remember that a negative TST or IGRA result does not rule out active TB disease. In fact, a negative TST or IGRA in a patient with active TB disease can be a sign of extensive disease and poor outcome.

#### Avoid testing persons at low risk

Routine testing of low-risk populations is not recommended and may result in unnecessary evaluations and treatment because of falsely positive test results.

#### Prioritize persons with risks for progression

Prioritize patients with at least one of the following medical risks for progression:

- diabetes mellitus
- smoker within past 1 year
- end stage renal disease
- leukemia or lymphoma
- silicosis
- cancer of head or neck
- intestinal bypass/gastrectomy
- chronic malabsorption
- low body weight (10% below ideal)
- history of chest x-ray findings suggestive of previous or inactive TB (no prior treatment).
   Includes fibrosis or non-calcified nodules, but does not include solitary calcified nodule or isolated pleural thickening. In addition to LTBI testing, evaluate for active TB disease.

#### **U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommendations**

The USPSTF has recommended testing persons born in, or former residents of, a country with an elevated tuberculosis rate and persons who live in, or have lived in, high-risk Congregate settings such as homeless shelters and correctional facilities. Because the increased risk of exposure to TB in congregate settings varies substantially by facility and local health jurisdiction, clinicians are encouraged to follow local recommendations when considering testing among persons from these congregate settings. USPSTF did not review data supporting testing among close contacts to persons with infectious TB or among persons who are immunosuppressed because these persons are recommended to be screened by public health programs or by clinical standard of care.

#### Virginia Department of Health recommendations

This risk assessment has been customized according to the Virginia Department of Health's (VDH) TB Program recommendations. Providers should check with local TB control programs, or the VDH TB Program at (804) 864-7906 for local recommendations.

#### Mandated testing and other risk factors

Several risk factors for TB that have been used to select patients for TB screening historically or in mandated programs are not included among the components of this risk assessment. This is purposeful in order to focus testing on patients at highest risk. However, certain populations may be mandated for testing by statute, regulation, or policy. This risk assessment does not supersede any mandated testing. Examples of these populations include: healthcare workers, residents or employees of correctional institutions, substance abuse treatment facilities, homeless shelters, and others.

#### Age as a factor

Age (among adults) is not considered in this risk assessment. However, younger adults have more years of expected life during which progression from latent infection to active TB disease could develop. Some programs or clinicians may additionally prioritize testing of younger, non-U.S.-born persons when all non-U.S.-born are not tested. An upper age limit for testing has not been established but could be appropriate depending on individual patient TB risks, comorbidities, and life expectancy.

## Virginia Tuberculosis Screening and Risk Assessment User Guide

#### Young children

This risk assessment tool is intended for individuals ≥ 6 years old. A risk assessment tool created for use in children < 6 years old can be found on the VDH website:

https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/tuberculosis/screening-testing/

#### When to repeat a test

Re-testing should only be done in persons who previously tested negative, and have new risk factors since the last assessment. In general, this would include new close contact with an infectious TB case or new immunosuppression, but could also include foreign travel in certain circumstances.

#### When to repeat a risk assessment

The risk assessment should be administered at least once. Persons can be assessed for new risk factors at subsequent preventive health visits.

#### IGRA preference in BCG vaccinated

Because the IGRA has increased specificity for TB infection in persons vaccinated with Bacillie Calmette-Guerin vaccine (BCG), IGRA is preferred over the TST in these persons. Most persons born outside the US have been vaccinated with BCG.

#### **Previous or inactive tuberculosis**

Chest radiograph findings consistent with previous or inactive TB include fibrosis or non-calcified nodules, but do not include a solitary calcified nodule or isolated pleural thickening. Persons with a previous chest radiograph showing findings consistent with previous or inactive TB should be tested for TB infection. In addition to TB infection testing, evaluate for active TB disease.

#### A decision to test is a decision to treat

#### **Emphasis on short course for treatment of TB infection**

Shorter regimens for treating TB infection have been shown to be more likely to be completed and the 3-month 12-dose regimen has been shown to be as effective as 9 months of isoniazid. Use of these shorter regimens is preferred in most patients. Drug-drug interactions and contact to drug-resistant TB are typical reasons these regimens cannot be used.

#### **Shorter duration TB infection treatment regimens**

Medication	Frequency	Duration
Rifampin	Daily	4 months
Isoniazid + Rifapentine*	Weekly	12 weeks**
Isoniazid + Rifampin	Daily	3 months

<sup>\*</sup>VDH recommends Directly Observed Therapy (DOT)

#### Patient refusal of TB infection treatment

Refusal should be documented. Offers of treatment should be made at future encounters with medical services. Annual chest radiographs are not recommended in asymptomatic persons. If treatment is later accepted, TB disease should be excluded and CXR repeated if it has been > 3 months from the initial evaluation.

<sup>\*\*11-12</sup> doses in 16 weeks required for completion



## **Region 4 REACH - Guest Profile**

Name:	ID#:
Date Form Completed:	

Basic Skills - Level of Assistance Required (check applicable column)						
	Independent	Verbal	Gestured	Partial	Full	Description
NA = l= :l:±v .		Prompt	Prompt	Physical	Assist	
Mobility						
Eating						
Drinking						
Bathing						
Oral hygiene						
Dressing						
Regulates water temperature						
Toileting (urine)						
Toileting (feces, wiping)						
Menstruation						
Fire Drill – Evacuation						
Street Crossing						
Telephone Use						
Money Skills						

## Region 4 REACH Home Guest Profile

Behavior (check appropriate column)

Behavior (chec	Appropriate	Occasional	Frequent	Description
		Problems	Problems	2 33334
Respects own				
clothing/				
property				
p. 5p 5. 3y				
Respects				
others'				
property				
Reaction				
to rules/				
regulations				
3				
Sexual				
behavior				
Temper				
Sleep habits				
·				
Public				
restaurant				
Car				
Movies				
INIONIES				
Stores, Malls,				
Crowds				
Picks up				
objects				
and places				
in mouth/				
swallows				

Name:	ID#:
Name.	

## Region 4 REACH Home Guest Profile

1. Does guest have special issues to If yes, explain:	monitor? □Yes □No
2. Specific behavior problems:	
3. Describe the most effective ways behaviors from escalating:	to prevent or stop inappropriate
Communication/Social Skills  1. Describe how guest express needs happiness):	s (i.e. hunger, thirst, anger, sadness,
2. Describe socialization skills/style v quiet, talkative, assertive; indicate fe Family:	
Friends/Peers:	
Staff:	
Strangers:	
Daily Routine/Preferences  Describe a typical day in the individe A.M. Routine:	
Day Activities:	
P.M. Routine:	
Favorite Activities, Food, etc:	
Strong Dislikes/Stressors:	
Name:	ID#:

ID#: \_\_\_\_

### **Region 4 REACH Home Guest Profile**

### **Health Screening Questions**

1. Check yes or no if the individual has been experiencing any of the below symptoms in the <u>last 72 hours:</u>

	Symptom	Yes	No				
	Cough						
	Sore throat						
	Runny nose						
	Fever						
	Nasal or chest						
	congestion						
	Headache						
	Diarrhea						
	Vomiting						
	symptoms been present?						
suk	ar a mask in the home a	l by our medical team.	s until symptoms				
Print Name & Title of Person Completing Form:							
Signature of Person Completing Form:							
Dat Regi	T <b>e:</b> on 4 REACH 5.31.2024						





Name:	ID#:
Date of Birth:	
Parent(s):	
Day Phone #:	Evening Phone #:
Address:	
Email Address:	
Legal Guardian (if applicable)	:
Day Phone #:	Evening Phone #:
	ppy of legal paperwork before making decisions for individual
Day Phone #:	Evening Phone #:
Address:	
Email Address:*For Adult CTH, must provide co	ppy of legal paperwork before making decisions for individua
CSB/BHA:	
Support Coordinator/Case	Manager:
Day Phone #:	Evening Phone #:
Address:	
Email Address	

Name:	ID#:
Emergency Contact (other t	than parent/guardian):
Day Phone #:	Evening Phone #:
Address:	
Email Address:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
Neurologist:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
Psychiatrist:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	

Name:	ID#:
GI Specialist:	
Dentist:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
PBSF/ABA:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
Email Address:	
Intensive In-Home:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
Email Address:	
Outpatient Therapy:	
Phone Number:	
Address:	
Email Address:	

Name:	ID#:	
School <u>or</u> Day Support Program:		
Contact's Name:		
Phone Number:		
Address:		
Email Address:		
Pharmacy:		
Phone Number:		
Address:		
Insurance Information		
Policy Holder's Name:		
Insurance Company:		
Policy Number:		
Print Name & Title of Person Completing Form		
, 3		
Signature of Person Completing Form	Date	



### **Central Region REACH - Authorization for Medical Treatment**

(To be completed by Guest and Guardian)

Guest Name:	ID#:			
Date of Birth:				
In the event that I	(guest or guardian)			
cannot be reached, I hereby give consent for				
(physician or medical facility) to provide medical care to undersigned guest				
for treatment of illness or injury.				
If medication is prescribed, I hereby authoriz	e:			
(pharmacy name) at	(pharmacy			
address) to fill the prescription and charge m	ny insurance. They can be			
contacted at	(phone number).			
Policy Holder:				
Insurance Name:				
Policy Number:				
Signature of Guest	Date			
Signature of Guardian or LAR	 Date			

The above authorization is valid for one year from signed date.